Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A. 2		as amended.						
Local Government	Type Townsh	nip 🗹 Village	Other	Local Governme Village of			County Huro	n
Audit Date 2/28/05		Opinion pa	31/01	•	Date Accountant Report Subm	1		
accordance wi	th the	Statements of th	ie Governi	mental Accou	government and rendered unting Standards Board ant in Michigan by the Mic	d an opinion or (GASB) and t	he <i>Uniform F</i>	Reporting Format fo
We affirm that:								
1. We have c	omplied	d with the <i>Bulletin</i>	for the Au	dits of Local U	Inits of Government in Mi	<i>ichigan</i> as revis	ed.	
2. We are cer	tified p	ublic accountants	registered	to practice in	Michigan.			
We further affire comments and			sponses ha	ave been disc	losed in the financial stat	ements, includi	ng the notes,	or in the report of
You must check	the ap	plicable box for ea	ach item be	elow.				
☐ Yes 🗸	No 1	. Certain compor	nent units/f	unds/agencie	s of the local unit are exc	cluded from the	financial stat	ements.
Yes 🔲	No 2	There are accu 275 of 1980).	ımulated d	eficits in one	or more of this unit's ur	nreserved fund	balances/reta	ained earnings (P.A
Yes 🔲	No 3	. There are insta amended).	ances of n	on-compliand	e with the Uniform Acc	ounting and Bu	udgeting Act	(P.A. 2 of 1968, as
Yes 🗸	No 4				tions of either an order the Emergency Municipa		the Municipal	I Finance Act or its
∐Yes 🔽 I	No 5.				ents which do not comply of 1982, as amended [MC		requirements	s. (P.A. 20 of 1943
Yes 🗸	No 6.	The local unit h	as been de	elinquent in di	stributing tax revenues th	at were collecte	ed for another	taxing unit.
∐Yes 🚺 I	No 7.	pension benefit	ts (normal	costs) in the	tutional requirement (Art current year. If the plan equirement, no contribution	is more than 1	00% funded	and the overfunding
Yes 🗸 I	No 8.	The local unit (MCL 129.241).		t cards and l	has not adopted an app	licable policy a	s required b	y P.A. 266 of 1995
Yes 🗸 i	No 9.	The local unit ha	as not ado	pted an inves	tment policy as required t	by P.A. 196 of 1	1997 (MCL 12	9.95).
We have enclo	sed the	e following:				Enclosed	To Be Forwarde	Not d Required
		s and recommend	dations.			2.10.0000	, ormando	√
Reports on indi	vidual f	ederal financial as	ssistance p	programs (pro	gram audits).	✓		
Single Audit Re	ports (/	ASLGU).				V		
Certified Public Acc	,	•						
Street Address	•	1 Hartley Stree	t		City Pigeon			ZIP 48755
Accountant Signatu	" <u>B</u>	non A	93 9	P, CP	A		U/2	8/06

VILLAGE OF PIGEON PIGEON, MICHIGAN HURON COUNTY

FINANCIAL REPORT FEBRUARY 28, 2005

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

	NUMBER
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	i - ii
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	iii — viii
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	1
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	2
Statement of Activities	3
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	4
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	5
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	6
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	7
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	9 – 10
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	11
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	12 – 24
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	25
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – General Fund	26 – 30
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Major Street Fund	31
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Local Street Fund	32

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE NUMBER
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	33
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet	34
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	35
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Trunkline Fund	36
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Recreation Fund	37
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Michigan Department of Transportation Debt Service Fund	38
Proprietary Fund Types:	:
Schedule of Revenue and Expenses – Budget to Actual – Sewer Fund	39
Schedule of Revenue and Expenses – Budget to Actual – Water Fund	40
Schedule of Michigan Transportation Fund General Obligation Bonds Series 1992-A	41
Schedule of Water Supply Revenue Bonds Series 1999	42
Schedule of Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds Series 2004	43 - 44
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	45
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	46
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	47 - 48
Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	49 - 50
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	51 - 52

Members of: Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants · American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

CPA's On Your Team

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To The Honorable Village Council Village of Pigeon Pigeon, Michigan 48755

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan, as of and for the year ended February 28, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan, as of February 28, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2006, on our consideration of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages iii through viii and 26 through 32, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Report of Independent Auditors (Continued)

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, supplemental schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Metzke + Taupel, PC NIETZKE & FAUPEL, P.C.

PIGEON, MICHIGAN

October 31, 2006

As the management of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan, we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceed its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,564,205 (net assets). Of this amount, \$412,974 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets decreased by \$(41,545).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$344,662. Over 38.5 percent of this total amount or \$132,727 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unrestricted fund balances).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance for the general fund was \$132,727
 or 21.6 percent of the total general fund expenditures.
- The Village's total debt increased by \$620,678 during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Pigeon's basic financial statements. The Village is reporting these financial statements utilizing a new reporting structure that all state and local governments must implement. These requirements restructured much of the information that governmental units have presented in the past. For this reason, this discussion is not presented with a comparison to the prior year. In future years, a comparative analysis of government-wide data will be presented.

The Village's basic financial statements are made up of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected special assessments).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government (including administration), public safety, public works and recreation and culture operations. The business-type activities of the Village include the water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 2 and 3 of the financial report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a group of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds, and propriety funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare this information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately, in the governmental fund balance sheet, and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Major Street, and Local Street Funds, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the financial report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided in the financial report to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 4 through 7 of the financial report.

Proprietary Funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its sanitary sewer and water operations.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 8 through 11of the financial report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 24 of the financial report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the financial report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's budgetary information for the three major governmental funds. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 26 through 32 of the financial report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining, individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 43 through 44 of the financial report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,564,205 at the close of the fiscal year.

A significant portion of the Village's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The table below shows the Village's net assets as of February 28, 2005.

Village's Net Assets

Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	Governmental <u>Activities</u> \$ 381,278 2,873,590 3,254,868	Business-Type <u>Activities</u> \$ 280,397 <u>5,702,050</u> 5,982,447	Total \$ 661,675 8,575,640 9,237,315
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total Liabilities	66,355 <u>56,015</u> <u>122,370</u>	2,519,000 31,739 2,550,739	2,585.355 87,754 2,673,109
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,800,329	3,183,050	5,983,379
Restricted	2,000,020	167,852	167,852
Unrestricted	<u>332,169</u>	80,805	412,974
Total net assets	\$ <u>3,132,498</u>	\$ <u>3,431,707</u>	\$ <u>6,564,205</u>

Of the remaining balance of net assets, approximately 2.5% or \$167,852 are restricted resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$412,974 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The Village's net assets decreased \$41,545 during the fiscal year.

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year ending February 28, 2005.

Village's Change in Net Assets

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total
General revenue: Property taxes State Shared Revenues	\$ 423,633 233,506	\$ 44,735	\$ 468,368 233,506
Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous	2,047 13,498	1,626	3,673 13,498
Transfers – Net Program revenue:	(25,000)	25,000	
Charges for services Total revenue	46,950 694,634	<u>416,394</u> <u>487,755</u>	<u>463,344</u> 1,182,389
Expenses:			
General government	214,808 112,179		214,808 112,179
Public safety Highways and public improvements	269,659		269,659
Sanitation	44,475		44,475
Parks and recreation	22,770		22,770
Interest on long term debt	3,868		3,868
Unallocated depreciation	39,846	409.013	39,846 409,013
Water Sewer		107,316	107,316
Total expenses	707,605	516,329	1,223,934
Change in net assets	(12,971)	(28,574)	(41,545)
Net assets – beginning of year	3,145,469	3,460,281	6,605,750
Net assets – end of year	\$ <u>3,132,498</u>	\$ <u>3,431,707</u>	\$ <u>6,564,205</u>

Governmental activities

Governmental activities decreased the Village's net assets by \$(12,971) or .2% of beginning net assets.

Business-Type activities

Business-type activities decreased the Village's net assets by \$(28,574) or .4% of beginning net assets.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus on the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the fiscal year, the unrestricted fund balance of the General Fund was \$132,727. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unrestricted fund balance to total fund expenditures; unrestricted fund balance represents 21.6% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Village's General Fund decreased by \$(13,877) during the current fiscal year. This is primarily attributable to the General Fund subsidizing the Water and Parks and Recreation Funds.

The primary funds utilized by the Village for street construction and maintenance are the Major and Local Streets Funds. At the conclusion of the fiscal year, the Major Street Fund had a fund balance of \$130,232 (an increase of \$29,101); the Local Street Fund had a balance of \$47,440 (a decrease of \$28,172).

Proprietary funds. The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Funds at the end of the year amounted to \$80,805. The Water and Sewer Funds had a decrease in net assets for the year of \$(28,574). Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in discussion of the Village's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and final amended budgets for expenditures were primarily related to revised capital improvement programs.

Budget to actual comparisons for the Village's general fund were mostly favorable.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of February 28, 2005, amounted to \$5,983,379. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, systems, equipment and infrastructure.

Major capital asset expenditures during the fiscal year included the following: Sanitary Sewer Improvements and upgrades and street construction.

The table below shows the Village's Capital assets as of February 28, 2005.

Village's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental	Business-Type	•
	Activities	Activities	Total
Land	\$ 500,000	\$ 201,000	\$ 701,000
Land improvements		272,853	272,853
Buildings and improvements	1,111,901	693,533	1,805,434
Equipment	940,721	232,152	1,172,873
Infrastructure	4,606,470	5,207,550	9,814,020
Construction in Progress	·	892,604	<u>892,604</u>
Total capital assets	7,159,092	7,499,692	14,658,784
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(4,285,502)	(<u>1,797,642</u>)	(<u>6,083,144</u>)
Capital assets - Net	\$ <u>2,873,590</u>	\$ <u>5,702,050</u>	\$ <u>8,575,640</u>

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 1 on pages 16 through of the financial report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total debt outstanding of \$2,603,615. These amounts are summarized below.

Village's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

Sewer revenue bonds	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u> \$1,020,000	<u>Total</u> \$1,020,000
Water revenue bonds		1,499,000	1,499,000
General obligation bonds	\$55,000		55,000
Land contract	10,000		10,000
Accrued compensated absences	11,354		11,354
Lease obligation - Police Car	8,261		<u>8,261</u>
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>84,615</u>	\$ <u>2,519,000</u>	\$ <u>2,603,615</u>

The Village's total debt increased during the current fiscal year with the addition of \$1,020,000 for Sanitary sewer revenue bonds.

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 22 through 24 of the financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- The County's unemployment rate is 7.6 percent, which is comparable to the statewide rate.
- The Village will make Storm Sewer Improvements of approximately \$2,000,000.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concering any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: **Janet Heckman, Village Clerk, 29 S. Main Street, Pigeon, MI 48755.**

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

G	GOVERNMENTAL <u>ACTIVITIES</u>	BUSINESS - TYPE ACTIVITIES	<u>TOTALS</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 224,308	\$ 228,909	\$ 453,217
Accounts receivable	30,009	109,506	139,515
Due from other governments	17,333		17,333
Internal balances	109,628	(109,628)	-
Inventory		1,963	1,963
Restricted assets:			
Cash		43,647	43,647
Capital assets:			
Land	500,000	201,000	701,000
Buildings	1,111,901	693,533	1,805,434
Equipment	940,721	232,152	1,172,873
Improvements		272,853	272,853
Infrastructure	4,606,470	5,207,550	9,814,020
Construction in progress		892,604	892,604
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,285,502)	(1,797,642)	(6,083,144)
Other assets:			
Bond issue costs		6,000	6,000
TOTAL ASSETS	3,254,868	5,982,447	9,237,315
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	16,656		16,656
Accrued wages payable	19,961		19,961
Accrued interest	1,137	31,739	32,876
Accrued compensated absences	11,355	5.,.55	11,355
Land contract payable	10,000		10,000
Notes payable	8,261		8,261
Revenue bonds payable	-1	2,519,000	2,519,000
General obligation bonds payable	55,000	,,	55,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	122,370	2,550,739	2,673,109
TOTAL LIABILITIES	122,010	2,000,700	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,800,329	3,183,050	5,983,379
Restricted for:			
Capital projects		167,852	167,852
Unrestricted	332,169	80,805	412,974
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 3,132,498	\$ 3,431,707	\$ 6,564,205

FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

IN NET ASSETS	TOTALS	\$ (214,808) (112,179)	(202,339) 1,404 (22,720)	(3,868) (3,868) (39,846)	(660,655)	(155,337)	(96,935)	(760,590)	468,368	233,506	13,498	•	719,045	(41,545)	6,605,750	\$ 6,564,205
NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES & CHANGES IN NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL BUSINESS-TYPE	ACTIVITIES					\$ (155,337)	(99,935)	(99,935)	44,735	1 636	070'1	25,000	71,361	(28,574)	3,460,281	\$ 3,431,707
NET (EXPENSES) RE GOVERNMENTAL	ACTIVITIES	\$ (214,808) (112,179)	(202,309) 1,404 (32,770)	(3,868)	(660,655)			(660,655)	423,633	233,506	13,498	(25,000)	647,684	(12,971)	3,145,469	\$ 3,132,498
UES CAPITAL GRANTS AND	CONTRIBUTIONS							٠ ج			vo	٠	ansfers			
PROGRAM REVENUES OPERTAING GRANTS AND	Ö				r	·		٠ ج	nue:	revenues	Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous	iet	Total general revenues and transfers	Change in net assets	Net assets - beginning of the year	nd of the year
CHARGES FOR	SERVICES		45,879		46,950	253,676	416,394	\$ 463,344	General Revenue: Property taxes	State shared revenues	Unrestricted in Miscellaneous	Transfers - net	Total gene	Change	Net assets - bo	Net assets - end of the year
	EXPENSES	\$ 214,808	44,475	3,868	707,605	409,013	516,329	\$ 1,223,934								
	PROGRAM ACTIVITIES	General government Public safety	Highways and public improvements Sanitation	Parks and recreation interest on long-term debt	Onanocated depreciation Total governmental activities	Business-Type Activities Water	Sewer Total business-type activities	Total Government								

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

	GENERAL	MAJOR STREET	LOCAL STREET	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS	0040040			\$ 14.268	\$ 224,308
Cash	\$210,040			\$ 14,268	30,009
Accounts receivable	30,009	¢155 660	¢ 54 672	52,463	471,968
Due from other funds	209,170	\$155,662	\$ 54,673	52,403	17,333
Due from other governments	1,515	12,070	3,748		17,555
TOTAL ASSETS	\$450,734	\$ 167,732	\$ 58,421	\$ 66,731	\$ 743,619
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 16,656				\$ 16,656
Accrued wages payable	19,960				19,961
Due to other funds	281,391	\$ 37,500	\$ 10,981	\$ 32,468	362,340
TOTAL LIABILITIES	318,007	37,500	10,981	32,468	398,957
FUND BALANCES:			-		
Unreserved, reported in:					
General Fund	132,726				132,726
Special Revenue Funds		130,232	47,440	6,457	184,129
Debt Service Funds				<u>27,806</u>	<u>27,806</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	132,726	130,232	47,440	34,263	344,661
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$450,734	\$167,732	\$ 58,421	\$ 66,731	\$ 743,619

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET ASSETS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

Total governmental fund balances	\$	344,661
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$7,159,092 less the accumulated depreciation of \$4,285,502.		2,873,590
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	-	(85,754)
Net assets - governmental activities	\$	3,132,498

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

REVENUÉ:	GENERAL	MAJOR STREET	LOCAL STREET	OTHER NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Taxes	\$ 366,014		\$ 57.618		\$ 423,632
Licenses and permits	550		•,		550
Intergovernmental	128.012	\$ 70,214	21,782	\$ 13,498	233,506
Charges for services	109,605	, ,			109,605
Fines and other	6,313				6,313
Miscellaneous	23,619			230	23,849
TOTAL REVENUE	634,113	70,214	79,400	13,728	797,455
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Legislative	20,310				20,310
General government	233,005				233,005
General services administration	48,011				48,011
Streets		26,113	102,572	15,279	143,964
Recreation			•	9,827	9,827
Police	105,376				105,376
Public works	150,953				150,953
Capital outlay	38,959				38,959
Debt service:				45.000	04.470
Principal	16,178			15,000	31,179
Interest and fiscal charges	698			3,868	4,567
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	613,490	26,113	102,572	43,974	786,149
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	20,622	44,101	(23,172)	(30,246)	11,306
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers in				29,500	29,500
Operating transfers out	(34,500)	(15,000)	(5,000)		(54,500)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(34,500)	(15,000)	(5,000)	29,500	(25,000)
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER			<u></u>		
(USES)	(13,878)	29,101	(28,172)	(746)	(13,694)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	146,604	101,131	75,612	35,009	358,356
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 132,726	\$ 130,232	\$ 47,440	\$ 34,263	\$ 344,661

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (13,694)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> , assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlays 33,212	
Street construction 73,798	
Depreciation expense (128,064)	(21,054)
The net revenue of certain activities of equipment rental is reported with governmental activities.	(2,265)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities.	31,178
Accrued interest on long-term debt is an expenditure in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental funds.	(1,137)
An elimination is made to remove intergovernmental administration fees.	(6,000)
Change in net assets - governmental activities	\$ (12,972)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

BUSINESS-TYPE	ACTIVITIES -
	IND

	EN	ITERPRISE FUNDS	<u>3</u>
	SEWER	WATER	TOTALS
<u>ASSETS</u>			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash	\$ 155,592	\$ 73,317	\$ 228,909
Due from other funds	66,092	4,334	70,426
Accounts receivable	74,227	35,279 1,963	109,506 1,963_
Inventory	205 044		410,804
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	295,911	114,893	410,004
RESTRICTED ASSETS:			
Cash	<u>795</u>	42,852	43,647
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	795	42,852	43,647
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
CAPITAL ASSETS:			
Land	201,000		201,000
Buildings		693,533	693,533
Equipment	116,123	116,029	232,152
Improvements	272,853		272,853
Infrastructure	1,006,149	4,201,401	5,207,550
Construction in progress	868,205	24,399	892,604
Less: accumulated depreciation	(872,063)	(925,579)	(1,797,642)
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	1,592,267	4,109,783	5,702,050
OTHER ASSETS:			
Bond issue costs	6,000		6,000
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	6,000		6,000
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	1,598,267	4,109,783	5,708,050
TOTAL ASSETS	1,894,973	4,267,528	6,162,501
LIABILITI <u>ES</u>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	3,354	176,701	180,055
Accrued interest	14,875	16,864	31,739
Revenue bonds payable - Current	12,000	19,000	31,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	30,229	212,565	242,794
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Revenue bonds payable	1,008,000	1,480,000	2,488,000
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,008,000	1,480,000	2,488,000
	4 000 000	4 600 565	2 720 704
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>1,038,229</u>	1,692,565	2,730,794
NET ASSETS		0.040.700	0.400.050
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	572,267	2,610,783	3,183,050
Restricted for:	405.000	A1 0E1	167,852
Capital projects	125,000 159,477	42,852 (78,672)	80,805
Unrestricted	109,477	(10,012)	00,000
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 856,744	\$ 2,574,963	\$ 3,431,707

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	SEV	<u>NER</u>	WATER	1	OTALS
OPERATING REVENUE:					
Charges for services	\$ 1	62,718	\$ 238,676	\$	401,394
Hydrant rental		 	15,000		15,000
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	1	62,718	253,676	_	416,394
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Salaries		19,225	13,527		32,752
Employee benefits		9,612	6,764		16,376
Operating supplies		390	4,085		4,475
Repairs and maintenance		12,519	8,966		21,485
Equipment rental		6,009	8,675		14,684
Utilities		4,055	11,371		15,426
Other			4,088		4,088
Maintenance contracts			1,074		1,074
Seminars		36	20	÷	56
Alarm expense		689	689	÷	1,378
Telephone			2,117		2,117
Water purchase from Caseville			141,663		141,663
Administrative fee			6,000	*.	6,000
Lagoon expense		221			221
Permits/Estimates		400			400
Minutes - water board meetings			130		130
Hydra-stops			2,400		2,400
Other		747			747
Depreciation		29,346	107,158		136,504
Capital improvement expense			293		293
Rate adjustment to Caseville		- 	21,897	_	21,897
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		83,249	340,917		424,166
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		79,469	(87,241)	_	(7,772)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):					
Current property taxes			44,735		44,735
Interest income		423	1,203		1,626
Interest and paying agent fees		(24,067)	(68,096)	_	(92,163)
TOTAL NONOPERATING (EXPENSES)		(23,644)	(22,158)		(45,802)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS		
	SEWER	WATER	TOTALS
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	55,825	(109,399)	(53,574)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfer in		25,000	25,000
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	55,825	(84,399)	(28,574)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	800,919	2,659,362	3,460,281
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 856,744	\$ 2,574,963	\$ 3,431,707

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

	BUSINESS-TYP	E ACTIVITIES	
	ENTERPRIS	E FUNDS	
	SEWER	WATER	<u>TOTALS</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 159,355	\$ 249,789	\$ 409,144
Receipts from interfund services		15,000	15,000
Payments to suppliers of goods and services	(110,299)	(162,273)	(272,571)
Payments to employees	(19,225)	(13,527)	(32,752)
Payments for fringe benefits	(9,612)	(6,764)	(16,376)
Payments for interfund services	(6,504)	(14,675)	(21,179)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	13,715	67,550	81,265
TEL ORGIT HOTIDED BY OF ENAMED AS ITTELES	10,710		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		25,000	25,000
Operating transfer in		20,000	20,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			.•
FINANCING ACTIVITITES:	(42.242)	(19,609)	(32,922)
Acquisition of fixed assets	(13,313)	•	(846,360)
Increase in construction in progress	(840,993)	(5,367)	(48,000)
Bond principal payment	(29,000)	(19,000)	(350,000)
Payment of bond anticipation note	(350,000)	(60.340)	(69,959)
Interest and fees paid on bonds	(1,649)	(68,310)	(69,939) 44,735
Property tax levy received	4 000 000	44,735	
Proceeds from bonds	1,020,000		1,020,000
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND	(244.27)	(07.554)	(000 500)
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(214,955)	<u>(67,551</u>)	(282,506)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest on investments	423	1,203	1,626
			•
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND			
RESTRICTED CASH	(200,818)	26,202	(174,616)
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - BEGINNING	364,748	89,966	454,714
OF THE YEAR			
•			
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - END OF THE YEAR	\$ 163,930	\$ 116,168	\$ 280,098
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Reconciliation of operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 79,469	\$ (87,241)	\$ (7,772)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	Ψ 10,-100	Ψ (Φ1,2.17)	4 ()
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	29,346	107,158	136,504
(Increase) decrease in current assets:			•
Accounts receivable	(3,363)	11,113	7,750
Due from other funds	(65,595)	(2,000)	(67,594)
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:	,	, . ,	•
Accounts payable	(21,034)	-	(21,034)
Due to other funds	(5,108)	38,520	33,412
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 13,715	\$ 67,550	\$ 81,265
,	**************************************		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Village of Pigeon operates a council-mayor form of government under provisions of a revised charter, and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, (police and inspection), highways and streets, sanitation, water, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration.

The Village's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The accounting policies of the Village conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are discussed below.

In June 1999, GASB unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- For the first time, the financial statements include:
 - A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Village's overall financial position and results of operations.
 - o Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the Village's activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.).
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Village has elected to implement the general provisions of the Statement in the current year.

Reporting Entity:

In evaluating how to define the Village for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in the related GASB 14 pronouncement. The basic—but not the only--criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Village is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village of Pigeon has no component units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Government Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's police and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water and sewer are classified as business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those which are clearly identifiable with specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they become available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the Village are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt-service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

State revenue sharing, charges for services, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are measurable as of the date levied (assessed) and are recognized as revenues when they become available. Available means when due, or past due, and received within the current period or collected soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund-The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Major Street Fund</u>-The Major Street Fund accounts for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes relating to the Major Streets of the Village.

<u>Local Street Fund-</u>The Local Street Fund accounts for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes relating to the Local Streets of the Village.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Sewer Fund** accounts for the activities of the Village's wastewater treatment operations.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's water distribution system.

Additionally, the Village reports the following nonmajor fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds account for resources legally restricted to expenditures for specified current operating purposes and for the enforcement of special services and activities. Accounting and financial reporting for General and Special Revenue Funds are identical. The Village accounts for the Trunkline and Recreation Funds in special revenue funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments to the General Fund by various enterprise funds for providing administrative and billing services for such funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the utility enterprise funds are charges to customers of the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Village Council practices the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with the Village charter, prior to February 28, the Village Clerk submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following March 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the two preceding years. The Village charter requires that the budget be submitted in summary form. In addition, more detailed line item budgets are included for administrative control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the department head/function level.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to February 28, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Village Clerk is required by the Village charter to present a monthly report to the Village Council explaining any variance from the approved budget.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 8. The Village Council may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents of the Village include cash on hand and all deposits with financial institutions, including all certificates of deposit.

Receivables and Payables:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Other receivables at February 28, 2005 consist of property taxes, state road taxes, and billings for user charges services, including trash collections and utility services. Taxes, trash and utility charges are deemed collectible in full.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences:

Village employees are allowed to accumulate a maximum of thirty days of sick leave. In the event of death, termination of employment, or retirement of an employee, one-half of sick leave accumulation is paid to the employee at his current rate of pay. Unused sick leave in excess of thirty days is paid annually at one-half of regular pay rate. There is no accumulation of unused vacation days allowed. The Village accrues a liability for compensated absences based on the estimate of accumulated sick leave that will be paid to its employees upon termination of employment in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 16. For governmental funds, the liability for compensated absences is recorded in the statement of net assets as a long-term liability since it is anticipated that none of the liability will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Property Taxes:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31. Village taxes are levied on the following July 1 and are payable without penalty through September 14. Village property tax revenue is recognized as revenue in the fiscal year levied to the extent that it is measurable and available in accordance with NCGA Interpretation 3 (Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes). The delinquent taxes of the Village are purchased through a revolving fund by Huron County and are therefore included as revenue in the fiscal year levied.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	15 to 50
Buildings	25 to 50
Office equipment	5 to 15
Machinery and equipment	5 to 20
Vehicles	5 to 8
Improvements other than buildings	20

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation of capital assets used by governmental funds is charged as an expense against their operations on the Statement of Activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the governmental fund Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation expense for the year ended February 28, 2005, was \$128,064. Capital asset acquisitions in the governmental funds totaled \$107,010 and there were no asset disposals for the year ended February 28, 2005. A summary of Governmental Fund capital assets at February 28, 2005, follows:

Land	\$ 500,000
Buildings	1,111,901
Equipment	940,721
Infrastructure	<u>4,606,470</u>
Total capital assets	7,159,092
Less accumulated depreciation	(<u>4,285,502</u>)
NET GOVERNMENTAL FUND CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ <u>2,873,590</u>

Depreciation of capital assets used by business-type funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on business-type fund balance sheets. Depreciation expense for the year ended February 28, 2005, was \$136,504. Capital asset acquisitions in the business-type funds totaled \$32,924 and there were no asset disposals for the year ended February 28, 2005. A summary of Business-Type Fund capital assets at February 28, 2005, follows:

Land	\$ 201,000
Land improvements	272,853
Buildings	693,533
Equipment	232,152
Water infrastructure	4,201,401
Sewer infrastructure	<u>1,006,149</u>
Total capital assets	6,607,088
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,797,642)
Construction in progress	<u>892,604</u>
NET BUSINESS-TYPE FUND CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ <u>5,702,050</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Village as follows:

Governmental	activities:
--------------	-------------

General government	\$ 39,846
Public safety	5,856
Public works	4,331
Highways and public improvement	34,621
Equipment rental assets	26,781
Recreation	<u> 16,629</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ <u>128,064</u>

Business-type activities:

Sewer		\$ 29,346
Water		<u>107,158</u>
Total depreciation	expense – business-type activities	\$136,504

Long-Term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Use of Estimates:

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 2 - BUDGET COMPLIANCE:

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18 (1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. In the body of the financial statements, the Village's expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a line item basis. The approved budgets of the Village for these budgetary funds were adopted to the activity level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS: (CONTINUED)

During the year ended February 28, 2005, the Village incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Fund	Total Appropriations	Amount of Expenditures	Budget Variance	
General:				
Superintendent	\$185,020	\$226,115	\$ (41,095)	
Police department	104,120	105,376	(1,256)	
Department of public				
works	123,965	124,741	(776)	
Trunkline:				
Traffic services	950	959	(9)	

NOTE 3 - CASH AND DEPOSITS:

The carrying amount of cash and deposits with financial institutions of the Village of Pigeon amounted to \$496,864 at February 28, 2005. The total bank balance as of the same date was \$469,953. Deposits with financial institutions are categorized as follows:

February 28, 2005

	. 00.44., 20,200
Amount insured by the FDIC	\$286,944
Uncollateralized	<u> 183,009</u>
Total deposits with financial institutions	\$ <u>469,953</u>

The carrying amount of cash and deposits, which were restricted or designated for capital improvements as of February 28, 2005, amounted to \$43,647.

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States in which the principal and interest is fully guaranteed by the United States, including securities issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan; and commercial paper rated by two standard rating agencies within the three highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, and which involves no more than 50 percent of any one fund. Attorney General's Opinion Number 6168 states that public funds may not be deposited in financial institutions located in states other than Michigan. The Village's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority. The Village is limited to investments authorized by PA 20 of 1943, as amended and may invest in the following: checking accounts, savings accounts and certificates of deposits at financial institutions that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Village's deposits and investments are within the authorization as set forth by the Village of Pigeon.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES:

Property taxes are levied based on the taxable value of property located in the Village. Assessed value is established annually and equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. A comparison of the assessed and taxable property values for the 2004 tax levy is as follows:

	ASSESSED	TAXABLE
	<u>VALUE</u>	VALUE
Real property-Regular roil	\$28,613,100	\$24,301,413
Personal property-Regular roll	4,104,800	4,104,800
TOTAL	\$32,717,900	\$28,406,213

The Village is permitted, by charter, to levy up to \$19 (19 mills) per \$1,000 of taxable value for general governmental services including debt service. For the year ended February 28, 2005, the Village levied 12.27 mills for general governmental services, 1.00 mills for local street, and 1.50 mills for debt service. Total millage levied was 14.77.

NOTE 5 – INTERNAL BALANCES:

The balances of interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivab <u>le</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Payable</u>
Major Street	\$155,662	General Fund	\$155,662
Trunkline	4,963	General Fund	4,963
Local Street	54,673	General Fund	54,673
Water Fund	3,354	Sewer Fund	3,354
Water Debt	981	Local Street	981
General Fund	1,932	Recreation	1,932
General Fund	66,092	Sewer Fund	66,092
General Fund	176,701	Water Fund	176,701
Michigan Transportation	37,500	Major Street	37,500
Michigan Transportation	10,000	Local Street	10,000
General Fund	30,536	Michigan Transportation	30,536
Total	\$ <u>542,394</u>	Total	\$ <u>542,394</u>

NOTE 6 - CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS:

As of February 28, 2005, the Village has incurred \$868,205 of capital expenditures related to the sanitary sewage disposal system improvement project. The project includes upgrading the existing pump station, removing accumulated sludge from the existing lagoon cell, constructing a new 10-acre lagoon cell, and constructing related improvements. The total cost of the project is estimated to be approximately \$1,285,000.

Also included in construction in progress as of February 28, 2005 are amounts paid to the Village of Caseville that represent the Village's portion of the improvements to be made to the Village of Caseville's water intake system. As of February 28, 2005, \$24,399 has been paid to the Village of Caseville for the water intake system improvements.

(Continued)

-20-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description: The Village of Pigeon participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all full-time employees of the Village. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 447 N. Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Funding Policy: The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by state statutes and requires a contribution from the employees of 4% of their salary. The Village is required by the same statute to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to pay benefits when due.

Annual Pension Cost: For the year ended February 28, 2005, the Village's annual pension cost of \$16,886 for the plan was equal to the Village's required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2003, using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0 percent to 4.16 percent per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) the assumption that benefits will increase 2.5 percent per year after retirement. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis.

Three year trend information:

·	<u>Fiscal year ended December 31,</u>			
	2001	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	
Annual pension cost	\$ 12,45 7	\$13,743	\$16,599	
Percentage of APC contributed	100%	100%	100%	
Net pension obligation	-0-	-0-	-0-	
Actuarial value of assets	639,714	631,211	646,998	
Actuarial Accrued Liability (entry age)	741,227	780,333	813,734	
Unfunded AAL	101,513	149,122	166,736	
Funded ratio	86%	81%	80%	
Covered payroll	154,400	209,689	177,095	
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	66%	71%	94%	

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

General Liability: Village of Pigeon participates in the Michigan Township Participating Plan, which is a public entity risk pool, for the coverage of significant losses due to its general liability. The participation in the pool constitutes transfer of the risk for significant losses to the pool with a coverage limit of \$18.9 million for real and personal property losses and \$5 million for liability losses. Village of Pigeon is required to pay annual premiums to the Michigan Township Participating Plan for the liability coverage. No supplemental premium assessment is required by the Michigan Township Participating Plan. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

<u>Workers' Compensation</u>: Village of Pigeon purchased commercial insurance coverage for losses related to workers' compensation claims.

<u>Employee Health Care</u>: Village of Pigeon purchased commercial insurance coverage for its employees and their dependents.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Governmental activities:	FEBRUARY 29, 2004	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	FEBRUARY 28, 2005	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
General obligation					
bonds	\$ 70,000	•	\$ 15,000	\$ 55,000	\$15,000
Lease payable – police car	14,438		6,178	8,261	5,997
Land contract payable – Lakers	20,000	<u>.</u>	10,000	10,000	10,000
Accrued compensated absences	10,935	\$ <u>419</u>		11,354	·
Total bonds payable-			.		000 007
governmental activities	\$ <u>115,373</u>	\$ <u>419</u>	\$ <u>31,178</u>	\$ <u>84,615</u>	\$ <u>30,997</u>
Business-type activities:		•			
Sewer revenue bonds	\$ 29,000		\$ 29,000		
Sanitary sewage revenue bonds-2004 Water supply revenue		\$1,020,000		\$1,020,000	\$12,000
Bonds	<u>1,518,000</u>		19,000	<u>1,499,000</u>	<u> 19,000</u>
Total bonds payable – business-type activities	\$ <u>1,547,000</u>	\$ <u>1,020,000</u>	\$ <u>48,000</u>	\$ <u>2,519,000</u>	\$ <u>31,000</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT: (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations (excluding compensated absences) are as follows:

,	O			Sanitary	Water supply
	General obligation	Lease	Land	sewer revenue	revenue
February 28,	bonds	<u>payable</u>	<u>contract</u>	<u>bond</u>	<u>bond</u>
2006	\$17, 945	\$6,303	\$10,000	\$ 67,956	\$ 86,455
2007	21,860	2,292		68,409	87,600
2008	20,860			67,841	86,655
2009				68,250	86,710
2010				67,638	86,720
2011-2015				339,994	434,085
2016-2020				339,869	434,505
2021-2025	÷			340,084	434,870
2026-2030				340,891	435,155
2031-2035				340,041	434,975
2036-2040				340,806	349,045
2041-2045				<u>340,693</u>	<u>349,045</u>
Total	60,425	8,595	10,000	2,722,472	2,956,775
Less interest Outstanding	<u>5,425</u>	334		<u>1,437,472</u>	<u>1,457,775</u>
principal	\$ <u>55,000</u>	\$ <u>8,261</u>	\$ <u>10,000</u>	\$ <u>1,285,000</u>	\$ <u>1,499,000</u>

Details of the Village of Pigeon's long-term debt as of February 28, 2005, are as follows:

The Village of Pigeon Michigan Transportation Fund General Obligation Bonds were issued September 1, 1992. The bonds were issued to provide financing for the Streetscape project completed in 1994. The bonds bear interest payable each May 1 and November 1 until maturity. The bonds final maturity date is May 1, 2007. The interest rate on the bonds is 6.20%.

\$55,000

The Village of Pigeon entered into a lease payable on a police car on June 30, 2003. The interest rate on the lease is 6%. The final lease payment is May 31, 2006.

8,261

The Village of Pigeon entered into a land contract for the purchase of real estate from the local school district in the amount of \$40,000. The land contract calls for annual payments of \$10,000 until the contract is paid in full. No interest is being charged on this land contract.

10,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2005

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT: (CONTINUED)

The Village of Pigeon Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 in the amount of \$1,285,000, were issued May 27, 2004. The bond proceeds were used to upgrade the existing pump station, remove the accumulated sludge from the existing lagoon, construct a new 10-acre lagoon, and construct related improvements. The bonds shall bear interest payable November 1, 2004 and each May 1 and November 1 thereafter until maturity. The bonds final maturity date is May 1, 2044. The interest rate on the bonds is 4.375%. As of February 28, 2005, \$1,020,000 of the bond proceeds had been received.

\$1,020,000

The Village of Pigeon Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, in the amount of \$1,600,000, were issued August 18, 1999. The bond proceeds, along with a grant of \$1,400,000 from the USDA Rural Development, were used to construct a water supply system from Caseville to Pigeon. The bonds shall bear interest payable December 1, 1999 and each June 1 and December 1 thereafter until maturity. The bonds final maturity date is June 1, 2024. The interest rate on the bonds is 4.5%.

\$1,499,000

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT:

The issuance of General Obligation Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2005 in the amount of \$2,000,000 was approved at an election held in the Village on November 2, 2004 and authorized by a resolution adopted by the Village Council on March 28, 2005. The bonds are to be issued for the purpose of acquiring and constructing storm sewer improvements in the Village and related road reconstruction. The full faith and credit of the Village have been pledged to the prompt payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, and the Village is authorized and required to levy ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to rate or amount, to the extent necessary for the payment of such principal and interest.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

	ORIGINAL <u>BUDGET</u>	FINAL BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUE:				
Taxes:				
Current property taxes	\$ 351,500	\$ 365,730	\$ 365,944	\$ 214
Tax collection fees	300	75	70	(5)
Interest on taxes	50			
Total for taxes	351,850	365,805	366,014	209
Licenses and permits	1,025	600	550	(50)
Intergovernmental:				
State revenue sharing	121,115	125,135	123,114	(2,021)
Metro Act receipts	4,250	4,900	4,898	<u>(2</u>)
Total Intergovernmental	125,365	130,035	128,012	(2,022)
Charges for services:			4	
Curb, gutter and DPW services	2,350	1,075	1,071	(4)
Equipment rental	72,000	64,735	62,655	(2,080)
Refuse collection	43,500	45,070	45,879	809
Total Charges for Services	117,850	110,880	109,605	(1,275)
Fines and other	6,500	6,500	6,313	(187)
Miscellaneous:	•			
Interest and other	5,000	785	2,003	1,218
Administration fees	280	15,425	15,390	(35)
Cable TV fees		4,125	4,125	0
Other	1,060	1,585	1,581	(4)
Parking tickets	450	500	520	20
Total Miscellaneous	6,790	22,420	23,619	1,199
TOTAL REVENUE	609,380	636,240	634,113	(2,127)
EXPENDITURES: Legislative:				
Elected Officials: Salaries	2,200	2,850	2,550	300
Committee attendance	15,340	18,000	17,760	240
Total Elected Officials	17,540	20,850	20,310	540
I Otal Elected Officials	17,070		20,010	

	•			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FAVORABLE
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
General Government:				
Clerk:				
Salaries	35,500	35,500	35,500	
Clerical wages	9,600	9,750	9,808	(58)
Benefits - Blue Cross	57,000	63,280	61,648	1,632
Benefits - MERS	13,000	17,175	16,886	289
Benefits - Insurance	2,010	2,250	2,244	6
Benefits - Allocated	(105,510)	(118,555)	(76,370)	(42,185)
Equipment maintenance	1,200	2,075	1,870	205
Office supplies and expense	3,500	3,885	3,862	23
Postage	1,300	1,000	946	54
Printing and publications	1,050	1,000	820	180
Professional	8,100	16,400	15,793	607
Trash pickup	42,000	44,750	44,475	275
Travel and seminars	250	500	451	49
Insurance	54,000	59,075	59,015	60
Other	2,000	3,500	6,264	(2,764)
Employee Benefits - Payroll tax	18,500	15,350	14,802	548
Employee Benefits - Vacation and holiday pay	15,000	20,600	20,996	(396)
Employee Benefits - Clerical	4,800	4,500	4,474	. 26
Library subsidy	2,000			
Internet services	500	400	360	40
Policies and procedures	5,000			
Copy machine lease expense		2,160	1,852	308
Web site expense		425	419	6
Total Clerk	170,800	185,020	226,115	(41,095)
Elections	2,200	3,830	3,801	29
Treasurer	(140)	3,100	3,089	11
Total General Government	172,860	191,950	233,005	(41,055)
General Services Administration:				
Buildings & Grounds:		750	564	186
Janitor	750	750	504 41	34
Cleaning supplies	100	75 42 100	12,578	522
Utilities	13,000	13,100		(102)
Maintenance and repairs	5,220	7,090	7,192	(73)
County Building	5,000	8,500	8,573 3,470	30
Trees trim/down - Stump removal	1,500	3,500	3,470	30

	ORIGINAL <u>BUDGET</u>	FINAL BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Buildings & Grounds: (Continued)				
Bandshell - Electricity	250	175	138	37
Bandshell	1,000	1,100	1,093	7
School property - Utilities	14,000	13,500	12,830	670
School property - Maintenance	3,000	1,500	1,532	(32)
Total Buildings & Grounds	43,820	49,290	48,011	1,279
Police Department:				
Salary - Chief	37,180	39,150	39,138	12
Salary - Other	18,000	18,000	17,937	63
Employee benefits	27,590	28,575	28,538	37
Uniform allowance	500	1,425	1,350	75
Offices supplies and expense	1,000	625	604	21
Telephone	1,500	2,450	2,629	(179)
Gas and oil	2,400	3,000	3,302	(302)
Maintenance and repairs	2,000	3,000	4,303	(1,303)
Travel and seminars	400	450	217	233
Other	2,000	1,475	1,893	(418)
302 funds - income and expense	(500)	975	1,162	(187)
Legal fees	2,000	3,900	3,498	402
Training funds	500	500	238	262
Video camera and system	600			
Police department internet	250	150	126	24
LEIN System	275			
Uniforms	500			•
Tires		435	432	3
New police officer	150	10	9	1
Total Police Department	96,345	104,120	105,376	(1,256)
Public Works:				
Department of Public Works:				
Salaries	34,130	23,775	23,532	243
Employee benefits	17,065	11,890	11,766	124
Operating supplies	5,000	4,355	4,861	(506)
Uniform cleaning	1,775	1,750	1,774	(24)
Telephone	2,300	2,245	2,426	(181)
Electricity - Village lights	21,000	24,200	24,319	(119)
Electricity - Other	750	650	533	117
Equipment rental	20,000	12,620	12,036	584
Hydrant rental	15,000	15,000	15,000	

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Public Works: (Continued)			-	
Department of Public Works: (Continued)				
Other	1,675	1,810	1,780	30
Sidewalk replacement	5,500	·		
New street lights	5,500	5,150	5,572	(422)
Tree lights	1,750	1,275	1,018	257
Paper expense	400	200	1,078	(878)
Lawn maintenance contract	15,645	15,645	15,645	
Travel and seminars	·	1,000	1,001	(1)
OSHA consulting	2,400	2,400	2,400	
Total Department of Public Works	149,890	123,965	124,741	(776)
Equipment:				
Payroll	3,200	3,725	3,620	105
Employee benefits	1,600	1,865	1,810	55
Gas and oil	4,750	6,000	6,089	(89)
Supplies	375	600	557	43
Maintenance and repairs	10,000	14,615	14,135	480
Total Equipment	19,925	26,805	26,212	593
Total Public Works	169,815	150,770	150,953	(183)
Capital Outlay:				
Equipment	25,190	25,190	25,188	2
Superintendent	5,500	2,025	2,021	4
Matching grant	10,000	6,500	6,500	
Other	10,000	2,500	2,500	
Police Department	2,500	2,750	2,750	
Total Capital Outlay	53,190	<u>38,965</u>	38,959	6
Debt Service:				
Land contract - Laker West - School property	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Principal payments on capital lease	6,750	6,880	6,876	4
Total Debt Service	16,750	16,880	16,876	4
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	570,320	572,825	613,490	(40,665)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	39,060	63,415	20,622	(42,793)

	ORIGINAL <u>BUDGET</u>	FINAL BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers out:				
Recreation	(5,500)	(9,500)	(9,500)	
Sewer Operating	(25,000)	-	-	
Water Fund		(25,000)	(25,000)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(30,500)	(34,500)	(34,500)	-
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)	·			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES)	8,560	28,915	(13,878)	(42,793)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	146,604	146,604	146,604	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 155,164	\$ 175,519	\$ 132,726	\$ (42,793)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUE:	DODGET	DODOLI	AGTORE	(0111711 0 101 1 = = = 1
Intergovernmental:				
Gas and weight tax	\$ 65,000	\$ 70,300	\$ 70,214	\$ (86)
TOTAL REVENUE	65,000	70,300	70,214	(86)
EXPENDITURES:				
Road Construction:				
Labor	30			
Employee benefits	15			
Contracted services	25,000			
Total Road Construction	25,045			
Routine Maintenance:				
Labor	4,300	4,100	3,962	138
Employee benefits	2,150	2,050	1,981	69
Contracted services	4 000	500	492	8
Materials and supplies	1,800	150	25	125 70
Equipment rental	9,980	8,500	8,430	4
Sweeping and flushing	380	2,360	2,356	
Total Routine Maintenance	18,610	17,660	17,246	414
Traffic services	1,000	825	442	383
Snow and ice control:				
Labor	2,100	1,675	1,137	538
Employee benefits	1,050	850	568	282
Supplies and services	1,375	325	1,540	(1,215)
Equipment rental	3,750	3,000	2,180	820
Total Snow and ice control	8,275	5,850	5,425	425
Administration:				
Administrative fee	3,000	3,000	3,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	55,930	27,335	26,113	1,222
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	9,070	42,965	44,101	1,136
OTHER FINANCING (USES):				
Operating transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES)	(5,930)	27,965	29,101	1,136
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	101,131	101,131	101,131	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 95,201	\$ 129,096	\$ 130,232	\$ 1,136

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL <u>BUDGET</u>	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUE:				
Taxes:				
Current property taxes	\$ 27,200	\$ 27,800	\$ 29,822	\$ 2,022
County road millage	20,935	29,825	27,796	(2,029)
Total taxes	48,135	57,625	57,618	(7)
Intergovernmental:				
Gas and weight tax	28,070	21,930	21,782	(148)
TOTAL REVENUE	76,205	79,555	79,400	(155)
EXPENDITURES:				
Construction:				
Labor	1,030	3,320	3,316	4
Employee benefits	- 515	1,660	1,608	52
Materials and supplies		54,820	12,842	41,978
Contracted services	25,000	12,850	54,811	(41,961)
Equipment rental		1,445	1,444	:1
Total Construction	26,545	<u>74,095</u>	74,021	74
Routine maintenance:	2.000	E 000	5,752	247
Labor	3,200 1,600	5,999 3,000	2,876	124
Employee benefits	2,500	1,350	1,054	296
Materials and supplies	2,500 365	2,205	2,204	1
Maintenance	10,750	9,300	8,959	341
Equipment rental	18,415	21,854	20,845	1,009
Total Routine Maintenance	16,415	21,004	20,043	
Traffic services	1,015	670	514	156
Snow and ice control:				
Labor	. 2,375	1,800	1,243	557
Employee benefits	1,185	900	621	279
Supplies and services	650	425	1,540	(1,115)
Equipment rental	5,000	2,600	1,788	812
Total Snow and ice control	9,210	5,725	5,192	533
A. I. I. A. A. Maria	•			
Administration Administrative fee	2,000	2,000	2.000	
Administrative ree				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	57,185	104,344	102,572	1,772
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)				
	19,020	(24,789)	(23,172)	1,617
EXPENDITURES	10,020	(24,100)	(20,112)	.,•
OTHER FINANCING (USES):	(5 000)	/E 000\	(5 000)	
Operating transfers out	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)		<u> </u>		
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES)	14,020	(29,789)	(28,172)	1,617
	•	•	•	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	75,612	75,612	75,612	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 89,632	\$ 45,823	\$ 47,440	\$ 1,617

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET FEBRUARY 28, 2005

			TRANSPORTATION BONDS DEBT	
	TRUNKLINE	RECREATION	RETIREMENT	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 4,963	\$ 3,426	\$ 10,842 47,500	\$ 14,268 52,463
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,963	\$ 3,426	\$ 58,342	\$ 66,731
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES:			•	
Due to other funds		\$ 1,932	\$ 30,536	\$ 32,468
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,932	30,536	32,468
FUND BALANCE: Unreserved	\$ 4,963	1,494	27,806	34,263
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,963	\$ 3,426	\$ 58,342	\$ 66,731

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

		•	TRANSPORTATION				
	TOUNIZUASE	BECREATION	BONDS DEBT RETIREMENT	TOTAL			
	TRUNKLINE	RECREATION	VELIVENIEW	TOTAL			
REVENUE:	e 42 400			\$ 13,498			
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,498	\$ 188	\$ 42	230			
Miscellaneous	42.409	188	42	13,728			
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>13,498</u>	100		10,720			
EXPENDITURES:							
Streets	15,279			15,279			
Recreation		9,827	•	9,827			
Debt retirement			18,868	18,868			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,279	9,827	18,868	43,974			
EXCESS OF REVENUE (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,781)	(9,639)	(18,826)	(30,246)			
·							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in		9,500	20,000	29,500			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		9,500	20,000	29,500			
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,781)	(139)	1,174	(746)			
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,744	1,633	26,632	35,009			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,963	\$ 1,494	\$ 27,806	\$ 34,263			

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUE:				
Intergovernmental:	A 40.000	6 42 500	¢ 12.400	\$ (2)
Trunkline maintenance	\$ 10,830	<u>\$ 13,500</u>	\$ 13,498	
TOTAL REVENUE	10,830	13,500	13,498	(2)
EXPENDITURES:				
Routine maintenance:	. •			
Labor	850	875	764 <u>:</u>	111
Employee benefits	425	575	459	116
Materials and supplies	300			
Equipment rental	4,000	2,875	2,583	292
Sweeping and flushing	415	300	<u>154</u>	146
Total Routine Maintenance	5,990	4,625	3,960	665
Traffic services	545	950	959	(9)
Snow and ice control:				
Labor	2,000	2,800	2,415	385
Employee benefits	1,000	1,700	1,389	311
Materials and supplies	1,000	500	1,641	(1,141)
Equipment rental	3,250	5,200	4,553	647
Snow hauling-payroll	525	575	362	<u>213</u>
Total Snow and ice control	7,775	10,775	10,360	415
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,310	16,350	15,279	1,071
EXCESS OF REVENUE (UNDER)	(3,480)	(2,850)	(1,781)	1,069
EXPENDITURES	(0,400)	(2,000)	(.,, - 1)	- 1
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,744	6,744	6,744	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,264	\$ 3,894	\$ 4,963	\$ 1,069

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUE:				
Miscellaneous:				
Interest income	\$ 10	\$ 15	\$ 2	\$ (13)
Other	<u>215</u>	<u> 180</u>	186	6
TOTAL REVENUE	225	<u>195</u>	188	\$ (7)
EXPENDITURES:				
Recreation:				_
Labor	1,540	1,350	1,332	18
Employee benefits	750	675	666	9
Supplies	280	265	243	22
Utilities	1,250	1,115	1,144	(29)
Repairs and maintenance	255	1,480	1,530	(50)
Equipment rental	960	1,200	1,187	13
Other		50	48	2 ·
Portable toilets		175	173	2
Irrigation System	·	3,700	3,504	196
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,035	10,010	9,827	183
EXCESS OF REVENUE (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(4,810)	(9,815)	(9,639)	176
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in	5,500	9,500	9,500	
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	690	(315)	(139)	176
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,633	1,633	1,633	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,323	\$ 1,318	\$ 1,494	\$ 176

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

FOR THE YEAR E	NDED FLOR	COART 20,	2005	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUE:				
Interest income	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	25	25	42	17
EXPENDITURES:				
Bond principal payments	15,000	15,000	15,000	
Interest and paying agent fees	3,870	3,870	<u>3,868</u>	2
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,870	18,870	18,868	2
EXCESS OF REVENUE (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(18,845)	(18,845)	(18,826)	19
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfers in	20,000	20,000	20,000	
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER				
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,155	1,155	1,174	19
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	26,632	26,632	26,632	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 27,787	\$ 27,787	\$ 27,806	\$ 19

SEWER OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
OPERATING REVENUE:			
Charges for services	\$ 165,48 <u>5</u>	\$ 162,718	\$ (2,767)
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	165,485	162,718	(2,767)
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries	19,275	19,225	50
Employee benefits	9,650	9,612	38
Operating supplies	475	390	85
Repairs and maintenance	12,950	12,519	431
Equipment rental	6,125	6,009	116
Utilities	4,500	4,055	445
Seminars		36	(36)
Alarm expense	640	689	
Lagoon expense	(272)	221	(493)
Sanitary sewer - Scheurer Street	11,320		11,320
Pipe inspection	27,605		27,605
2004 Storm sewer expense	2,500		2,500
Permits/Estimates	400	400	
Other	3,565	747	, .
Depreciation	28,000	29,346	(1,346)
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	126,733	83,249	43,484
OPERATING INCOME	38,752	79,469	40,717
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):			
Interest revenue	425	423	(2)
Interest expense	(1,650)	(24,067) <u>(22,417</u>)
TOTAL NONOPERATING (EXPENSES)	(1,225)	(23,644	(22,419)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	37,527	55,825	18,298
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	800,919	800,919	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 838,446	\$ 856,744	\$ 18,298

WATER OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

	į	FINAL BUDGET	A	CTUAL	FA	ARIANCE VORABLE AVORABLE)
OPERATING REVENUE:			_			(F. 000)
Charges for services	\$	244,585	\$	238,676	\$	(5,909)
Hydrant rental		15,000	_	15,000		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		259,585		253,676		(5,909)
OPERATING EXPENSES:		40.400		40 507		(127)
Salaries		13,400		13,527		(127)
Employee benefits		6,700		6,764		(64) 915
Operating supplies		5,000		4,085		
Repairs and maintenance		18,450		8,966		9,484
Equipment rental		8,375		8,675		(300)
Utilities .		13,200		11,371		1,829
Other		4,500		4,088		412
Maintenance contracts		1,075		1,074	•	1
Seminars		500		20		480
Alarm expense		650		689		(39)
Telephone		2,200		2,117		83
Water purchase from Caseville		141,675		141,663		12
Administrative fee		6,000		6,000		
Minutes - Water board meetings		170		130		40
New water meters		3,405				3,405
Hydra-stops		2,400		2,400		
Depreciation		1,950		107,158		(105,208)
Capital improvement expense		500		293		207
Scheurer Street		10,600				10,600
Intake Valve - Caseville		7,000				7,000
		21,900		21,897		3
Rate adjust to Caseville	-		-	340,917		(71,267)
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		269,650		340,917		(11,201)
OPERATING (LOSS)		(10,065)	_	(87,241)		(77,176)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):		44705		44.705		
Current property taxes		44,735		44,735		4 029
Interest income		175		1,203		1,028
Interest and paying agent fees		(68,310)		(68,096)		40.000
Bond principal payments	_	(19,000)			_	19,000
TOTAL NONOPERATING (EXPENSES)		(42,400)		(22,158)		20,028
(LOSS) BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		(52,465)		(109,399)		(57,148)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Operating transfer		25,000		25,000		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	_	(27,465)		(84,399)		(57,148)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,659,362		2,659,362		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	2,631,897	\$	2,574,963	<u>\$</u>	(57,148)

SCHEDULE OF MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION FUND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS SERIES 1992-A FEBRUARY 28, 2005

		II.	ITEREST					
DATE	PRINCIPA	L RATE	AN	TAUON	PERI	<u>OD TOTAL</u>	<u>FISC</u>	AL TOTAL
05/01/05	\$ 15,00	00 6.20%	\$	1,705	\$	16,705		
11/01/05				1,240		1,240	\$	17,945
05/01/06	20.0	00 6.20%		1,240		21,240		
11/01/06	•			620		620		21,860
05/01/07	20,0	00 6.20%		620		20,620		20,620
	\$ 55,0	00	\$	5,425	\$	60,425	\$	60,425

The Michigan Transportation Fund General Obligation Bonds dated September 1, 1992 were issued to provide financing for the Streetscape project completed in 1994.

SCHEDULE OF WATER SUPPLY REVENUE BONDS SERIES 1999 FEBRUARY 28, 2005

		INT	EREST		
DATE	PRINCIPAL	RATE	AMOUNT	PERIOD TOTAL	FISCAL TOTAL
06/01/05	<u></u>		\$ 33,728	\$ 33,728	
12/01/05	\$ 19,000	4.50%	33,727	52,727	\$ 86,455
06/01/06			33,300	33,300	
12/01/06	21,000	4.50%	33,300	54,300	87,600
06/01/07			32,828	32,828	
12/01/07	21,000	4.50%	32,827	53,827	86,655
06/01/08	·		32,355	32,355	
12/01/08	22,000	4.50%	32,355	54,355	86,710
06/01/09	•		31,860	31,860	
12/01/09	23,000	4.50%	31,860	54,860	86,720
2010 - 2038	1,393,000	4.50%	1,129,635	2,522,635	
	\$ 1,499,000		\$1,457,775	\$ 2,956,775	\$ 434,140

The Village of Pigeon Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, in the amount of \$1,600,000, were issued August 18, 1999. The bond proceeds, along with a grant of \$1,400,000 from the USDA Rural Development, were used to construct a water supply system from Caseville, Michigan to Pigeon, Michigan.

SANITARY SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2004 FEBRUARY 28, 2005

Interest :						
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
5/1/2005	\$ 12,000	4.375%	\$ 28,109	\$	40,109	
11/1/2005		4.375%	27,847		27,847	
5/1/2006	13,000	4.375%	27,847		40,847	
11/1/2006		4.375%	27,563		27,563	
5/1/2007	13,000	4.375%	27,563		40,563	
11/1/2007		4.375%	27,278		27,278	
5/1/2008	14,000	4.375%	27,278		41,278	
11/1/2008		4.375%	26,972		26,972	
5/1/2009	14,000	4.375%	26,972		40,972	
11/1/2009		4.375%	26,666		26,666	
5/1/2010	15,000	4.375%	26,666		41,666	
11/1/2010		4.375%	26,338		26,338	
5/1/2011	16,000	4.375%	26,338		42,338	
11/1/2011		4.375%	25,988		25,988	
5/1/2012	16,000	4.375%	25,988		41,988	
11/1/2012		4.375%	25,638		25,638	
5/1/2013	17,000	4.375%	25,638		42,638	
11/1/2013	•	4.375%	25,266		25,266	
5/1/2014	18,000	4.375%	25,266		43,266	
11/1/2014		4.375%	24,872		24,872	
5/1/2015	19,000	4.375%	24,872		43,872	
11/1/2015		4.375%	24,456		24,456	
5/1/2016	20,000	4.375%	24,456		44,456	
11/1/2016		4.375%	24,019		24,019	
5/1/2017	20,000	4.375%	24,019		44,019	
11/1/2017		4.375%	23,581		23,581	
5/1/2018	21,000	4.375%	23,581		44,581	
11/1/2018		4.375%	23,122		23,122	
5/1/2019	22,000	4.375%	23,122		45,122	
11/1/2019		4.375%	22,641		22,641	
5/1/2020	23,000	4.375%	22,641		45,641	
11/1/2020		4.375%	22,138		22,138	
5/1/2021	24,000	4.375%	22,138		46,138	
11/1/2021		4.375%	21,613		21,613	
5/1/2022	25,000	4.375%	21,613		46,613	
11/1/2022		4.375%	21,066		21,066	
5/1/2023	27,000	4.375%	21,066		48,066	
11/1/2023		4.375%	20,475		20,475	
5/1/2024	28,000	4.375%	20,475		48,475	
11/1/2024		4.375%	19,863		19,863	
5/1/2025	29,000	4.375%	19,863		48,863	
11/1/2025		4.375%	19,228		19,228	
5/1/2026	30,000	4.375%	19,228		49,228	

SANITARY SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2004 FEBRUARY 28, 2005

		Interest		
<u>Date</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
11/1/2026		4.375%	18,572	18,572
5/1/2027	32,000	4.375%	18,572	50,572
11/1/2027		4.375%	17,872	17,872
5/1/2028	33,000	4.375%	17,872	50,872
11/1/2028		4.375%	17,150	17,150
5/1/2029	35,000	4.375%	17,150	52,150
11/1/2029		4.375%	16,384	16,384
5/1/2030	36,000	4.375%	16,384	52,384
11/1/2030	•	4.375%	15,597	15,597
5/1/2031	38,000	4.375%	15,597	53,597
11/1/2031		4.375%	14,766	14,766
5/1/2032	39,000	4.375%	14,766	53,766
11/1/2032		4.375%	13,913	13,913
5/1/2033	41,000	4.375%	13,913	54,913
11/1/2033		4.375%	13,016	13,016
5/1/2034	43,000	4.375%	13,016	56,016
11/1/2034		4.375%	12,075	12,075
5/1/2035	45,000	4.375%	12,075	57,075
11/1/2035		4.375%	11,091	11,091
5/1/2036	47,000	4.375%	11,091	58,091
11/1/2036		4.375%	10,063	10,063
5/1/2037	49,000	4.375%	10,063	59,063
11/1/2037		4.375%	8,991	8,991
5/1/2038	51,000	4.375%	8,991	59,991
11/1/2038		4.375%	7,875	7,875
5/1/2039	54,000	4.375%	7,875	61,875
11/1/2039		4.375%	6,694	6,694
5/1/2040	56,000	4.375%	6,694	62,694
11/1/2040		4.375%	5,469	5,469
5/1/2041	58,000	4.375%	5,469	63,469
11/1/2041		4.375%	4,200	4,200
5/1/2042	61,000	4.375%	4,200	65,200
11/1/2042		4.375%	2,866	2,866
5/1/2043	64,000	4.375%	2,866	66,866
11/1/2043		4.375%	1,466	1,466
5/1/2044	67,000	4.375%	1,466	68,466
Total	\$ 1,285,000		\$ 1,437,472	\$ 2,722,472

The Village of Pigeon Sanitary Sewer Disposal System Revenue Bonds, in the amount of \$1,285,000, were issued on May 27, 2004. The bond proceeds were used to upgrade the existing pump station, remove the accumulated sludge from the existing lagoon, construct a new 10 acre lagoon, and construct related improvements.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Federal Grantor Program Title Grant Number	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Approved Grant Award <u>Amount</u>	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year <u>Receipts</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	\$ 1,285,000	\$ 1,212,523	\$ 1,020,000

Balance of Federal Loans:

2004 USDA S	anitary Sewer System Loan	\$ 1,020,000
1999 USDA W	Vater System Loan	1,499,000

Notes to the Scheduel of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The amounts reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been determined using the accrual basis of accounting.

Included in the federal expenditures is a payment in the amount of \$354,223 for the payment of the principal and interest on a bond anticipation note used to finance the start of the project before the loan proceeds were received from the USDA.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRARY 28, 2005

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended February 28, 2004.

CPA's On Your Team

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Village Council Village of Pigeon Pigeon, Michigan 48755

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan, as of and for the year ended February 28, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2005-1.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

Circular 230 Disclosure: To the extent the above contains an opinion on one or more federal tax issues such opinion was not written to be used and cannot be used for the purpose of avoiding penalties.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Nietzhe & Faupel, PC.

Pigeon, Michigan

October 31, 2006

CPA's On Your Team

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Village Council Village of Pigeon Pigeon, Michigan 48755

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended February 28, 2005. The Village of Pigeon, Michigan's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Village of Pigeon, Michigan, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended February 28, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Village of Pigeon, Michigan, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Pigeon, Michigan's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, Village Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Nietzhe & Tanpel, PC NIETZKE & FAUPEL, P.C.

Pigeon, Michigan

October 31, 2006

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2005

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report, expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Village of Pigeon.
- One reportable condition relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Village of Pigeon, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions were disclosed regarding internal control over major federal award program compliance in the REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Village of Pigeon, expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. The auditor's report disclosed no instances of findings relative to the major federal award programs for the Village of Pigeon.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities - CFDA #10.760

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The Village of Pigeon did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

REPORTABLE CONDITION

2005-1 Segregation of duties

Condition: The Village Clerk is processing bills and receipts in the system along with collecting cash receipts from the customers.

Criteria: This combination indicates a lack of segregation of duties.

Effect: Because of the lack of segregation of duties, it would be possible to manipulate records.

Recommendation: Review procedures should be established in this area and they should be performed by someone independent of the billing procedures and the collection of the cash.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

1. There were no findings or questioned costs related to the major federal award programs audit for the year ended February 28, 2005.